

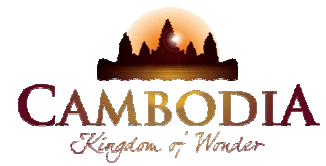


Ministry of Tourism



ASEAN TOURISM FORUM

15 - 21 January 2011  
Phnom Penh - Kingdom of Cambodia  
www.atfcambodia.com



## Itinerary

### Pre-Show City Tour: Phnom Penh

Day 2 | 18 January 2011 | 8am to 4pm

- 0800 **Meet at Diamond Island Convention & Exhibition Centre**

- 0810 - 0940 **Visit Royal Palace**

The abode of the King of Cambodia, the Royal Palace is a building complex. The compound was the citadel of King Ponhea Yat (1393-1463) and rebuilt to its present state in 1886, when King Norodom (1834-1904) relocated the royal capital from Oudong to Phnom Penh.

The buildings with beautiful towering spires are a great example of classic Khmer architecture found in Cambodia today. Along with numerous other interesting buildings within the 183,135 square meter compound is of course The Khemarin Palace, known as Prasat Khemarin meaning the "Palace of the Khmer King." This is officially the residence of His Majesty, King Norodom Sihamoni.

Tourists can visit the Throne Hall (Preah Tineang Tevea Vinichhay) where coronations and official ceremonies take place, the Temple of the Emerald Buddha (Wat Preah Keo Morakot), Stupas (Chedei), a Royal Dining Hall, the Chan Chhaya Pavilion and a French-style building that was a gift from Napoleon III.



- 0950 – 1120 **Visit the National Museum of Cambodia**

The country's leading historical and archaeological museum, it houses more than 14,000 items; the world's largest collection of Khmer art, including sculpture, ceramics, bronzes, and ethnographic objects dating from prehistoric times to periods before, during, and after the Khmer Empire. Officially inaugurated by King Sisowat in 1920, the Museum also serves a religious function. Its collection of important Buddhist and Hindu sculptures including a Post-Angkorian Buddha, opened in 2000 to extend the religious function of the Museum



- 1130 – 1300 **Lunch at (TBC)**

- 1320 – 1420 **Visit Tuol Sleng Museum (S-21 prison)**

This former school was used as a prison by Pol Pot's security forces. More than 17,000 people held at S-21 were taken to the extermination camp at Choeng Ek to be executed.



- 1450 – 1550 **Visit Phsar Thmey**

Better known as the Central Market, Phsar Thmey is a unique building built in 1937. Phsar Thmey literally means 'New Market'. The location where the Central Market now sits was once a swamp area and occupied by a lake known as Beng Decho. Today, this beautiful market has become a prominent landmark in Phnom Penh. This is a stylish Art Décor rotunda with wings extending in four different directions. The dome is said to be among the largest in the world. The four wings and the beamless dome are very well ventilated by the high ceiling; and it's an anthill of activity on any given day. The market sells almost anything from fresh produce to souvenirs and clothes. Tourists can certainly get some interesting bargains and unique finds.



- 1600 **Return to hotel**

>>>>End Service<<<<